# Classification Worksheet







## Types of Classification

### MAMMALS

Mammals have hair/fur and breathe air.

Fact: You can find otters in England and they like to hunt at dawn/dusk.

### BIRDS

Lay eggs and have feathers/wings. Not all birds can fly.

Fact:: The largest bird in England is the White Tailed Eagle with a wingspan of around 2m.

### REPTILE

Have dry scaly skin, most lay eggs and are cold blooded.

Fact: The adder is the only venomous snake found in England.

### FISH

Live in water and have gills so do not breathe air.

Fact: The Basking shark is the 2nd largest species of shark in the world and visits England in the summer months.

#### AMPHIBIAN

Have moist skin, can live on land and in water. Will go through a metamorphosis.

Fact: Common toads can produce a toxin which makes them taste yucky to predators.



## Who is what?

Under the pictures write whether you think the animal is:-

- Amphibian

- Reptile

-Bird

- Mammal

- Fish



























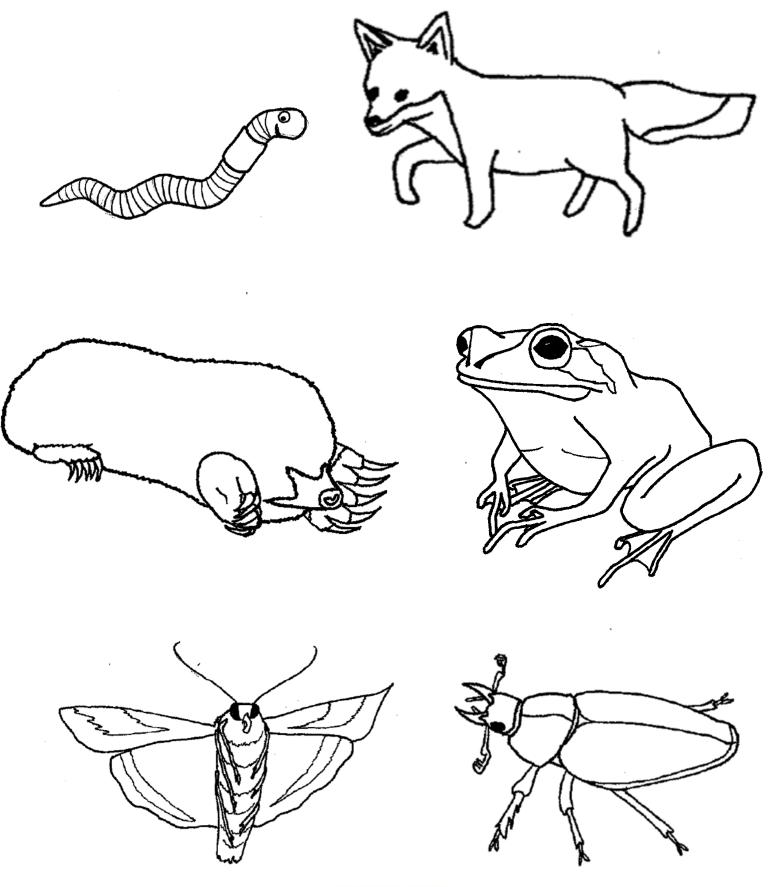








# Colouring page





# Animal Factsheet

1. Name an animal which you can find in	England:
2. Is it a mammal, bird, reptile or amphibi	an?
3. Draw on the map below where	
you would find this animal	4. Draw a picture of the animal
Scotland Sco	
5. What food would this animal eat?	
6. Do other animals like to eat it?	
7. How big can they grow up to?	



8. How long can they live for?

# Design a home where an animal would like to live

When designing the home think about the following:
Where they sleep
What food they eat
What they drink
Do they like it cold or warm?



# Word search

Η R F Ν F J O S S R 0 0 Α R S V Η Ν Е Т Ι Ρ A Α В Х 0 Ρ U W Ι Т В G R K Т L R Е Ι Q N Ν Κ Ι K W Е Т S R E Η L L Η Ι F 0 L Ι Z Α Α R Ε P Ε D Т Α Μ D R Ι В Η Ι Т Т G Α Μ Α Μ Μ Α L Х 0 D Α V U Ρ Υ  $\nabla$ L

amphibian

frog

newt

fish

shark

reptile

snake

lizard

bird

owl

robin

mammal

otter

fox



# Collective nouns

A collective noun is a word which is used to represent a group of animals e.g. A romp of otters or a herd of deer. See if you can fill in the collective nouns below.

A	of starlings
Дn	of ants
Α	of butterflies
A	of cows
Α	of Crows
A	of Magpies
Дn	of ravens
A	of sharks
A	of omis
A	of snakes



# Memory Quiz!

1. What is a mammal?			
2. Can you name an animal which is a mammal?			
3. What is a reptile?			
4. Can you name an animal which is a reptile?			
5. What is a fish?			
6. Can you name an animal which is a fish?			
7. What is an amphibian?			
8. Can you name an animal which is an amphibian?			



# Adjectives and Verbs

Adjectives are describing words and verbs are action words. Below you'll see a noun and you'll need to write a sentence about that noun which includes an adjectives and a verb. The first one is done for you.

E.g. Snake

	<u> The</u>	scaly	snake	SI	<u>ithered</u>	away.
_						

1.	Robin
2.	Squirrel
3.	Fox
4.	Otter
5.	Badger
6.	Lizard
7.	Snake
8.	Frog



## DID YOU KNOW?

- Slow worms are a legless lizard
- Some lizards can make their tail fall off if a predator is trying to get them—giving them a Chance to escape!
- Bats in England love to eat insects and some can eat thousands in a night.
- Badgers are really good diggers and live in holes underground called setts.
- Hedgehogs can walk over a mile in one night.
- The ladybird spider is a very rare spider. The boy spider has the colours of a ladybird.
- Dragonflies can shoot their jaw out in order to catch their prey.
- Snakes have no eyelids! They are unable to blink. They also don't chew their food, but will swallow it whole.
- Otters have long whiskers on their face which help them to sense prey in murky waters.

